

Begin — April 21, 1960

30.24-10521

A76

PRECEDE MONTREAL DAY DE GAULLE (200)

BY MAX HARRELSON

TORONTO, APRIL 21 (AP)—FRENCH PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE WAS GIVEN A MIXED, PARTLY COOL, RECEPTION HERE TODAY AND SAW A BANNER-WAVING DEMONSTRATION AGAINST FRENCH POLICY IN ALGERIA.

HE TOURED THIS BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CAPITAL IN THE WINDUP OF THE 4-DAY CANADIAN END OF HIS PRE-SUMMIT TOUR OF NORTH AMERICA. TOMORROW HE FLIES TO WASHINGTON TO BEGIN TALKS WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ON WHAT MAY COME UP AT THE EISENHOWER-MACMILLAN-KHRUSHCHEV DE GAULLE MEETINGS IN PARIS NEXT MONTH.

AT TORONTO AIRPORT THE 69-YEAR-OLD FRENCH LEADER GOT HIS FIRST GLIMPSE OF SOME CANADIANS WHO DO NOT AGREE WITH FRENCH POLICY. HELD ALOFT ON TOP OF THE TERMINAL BUILDING WERE SEVERAL BANNERS SAYING "FREE ALGERIA", "ALGERIA FOR THE ALGERIANS", "GET OUT OF ALGERIA."

DE GAULLE CAME FROM MONTREAL WHERE HE HAD PAUSED FOR A FIVE-HOUR ROUND OF RECEPTIONS AND CEREMONIES.

STEPPING DOWN FROM A ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE COMET JET, HE WAS WELCOMED AT THE AIRPORT BY ONTARIO'S PRIME MINISTER LESLIE M. FROST.

CROWDS GATHERED AROUND THE ROYAL YORK HOTEL, WHERE DE GAULLE WAS SPENDING THE NIGHT. BUT THE PUBLIC TURNOUTS IN MONTREAL AND TORONTO WERE NOT AS LARGE OR AS ENTHUSIASTIC AS THE TURNOUT IN QUEBEC YESTERDAY.

IN MONTREAL, THE LARGEST GATHERING WAS IN THE PARK WHERE DE GAULLE LAID A WREATH AT THE FOOT OF THE CITY'S WAR MEMORIAL. SEVERAL THOUSAND JAMMED THE AREA AND CHEERED AS DE GAULLE WALKED THROUGH THE STREET AND MINGLED WITH THE CROWDS.

RS754PES

A89WX

(330) NIGHT LEAD NUCLEAR

BY JOE HALL

WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)—AN AIR FORCE CONSULTANT TESTIFIED TODAY HE BELIEVED THERE WAS A 99-1 CHANCE RUSSIA COULD EVADE THE CONTROL SYSTEM PLANNED AS A PART OF A NUCLEAR TEST BAN AGREEMENT.

THIS ESTIMATE WAS MADE BY DR. RAYMOND PETERSON, VICE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH FOR THE UNITED GEOPHYSICAL CORP., PASADENA, CALIF.

PETERSON TOLD THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE HE AND FRANK COKER, RESEARCH DIRECTOR FOR UNITED-ELECTRO DYNAMICS CORP., PASADENA, HAVE JUST COMPLETED AN INTENSIVE STUDY OF THE SUBJECT FOR THE AIR FORCE.

THE TWO MEN SAID THERE WOULD BE ENORMOUS DIFFICULTIES IN THE WAY OF SETTING UP THE 21 OR 22 CONTROL STATIONS IN RUSSIA ENVISAGED UNDER THE TEST BAN TALKS NOW UNDER WAY IN GENEVA.

THEY ESTIMATED IT WOULD COST BETWEEN ONE AND FIVE BILLION DOLLARS AND TAKE THREE TO FIVE YEARS EVEN IF THE JOB WERE PUT ON A CRASH BASIS.

PETERSON AND COKER DID NOT OFFER ANY ESTIMATES ON THE COST OF SETTING UP AN ENTIRE 180-STATION NETWORK OVER THE WORLD BEING DISCUSSED IN THE GENEVA TALKS.

U.S., RUSSIAN AND BRITISH EXPERTS MEETING IN THE SUMMER OF 1958 AGREED ON SUCH A NETWORK, BUT THIS COUNTRY SUBSEQUENTLY HAS SAID IT BELIEVES 180 WOULD BE INADEQUATE.

UNDER TENTATIVE PLANNING, ABOUT 21 OF THE 180 STATIONS WOULD BE IN THE SOVIET UNION, WITH AN EQUAL NUMBER IN THE UNITED STATES.

PETERSON AND COKER SAID THESE WERE SOME OF THE DIFFICULTIES THEY FORESAW IN SETTING UP AN EFFECTIVE CONTROL SYSTEM IN RUSSIA:

1. IT IS HARD TO PICK EVEN 21 GOOD SITES FOR SEISMOGRAPHS WHERE THEY WOULD NOT BE DISTURBED BY MAN MADE NOISES.

2. THE STRONG WINDS WHICH OFTEN BLOW IN RUSSIA WOULD DRASTICALLY CUT DOWN THE RANGE OF THE SEISMOGRAPHS.

3. RUSSIA HAS THOUSANDS OF EARTHQUAKES EACH YEAR; A TEST WHICH THE COUNTRY WAS TRYING TO CONCEAL COULD BE SET OFF ABOUT HALF A MINUTE AFTER AN EARTHQUAKE, AND THE SEISMOGRAPH WOULD BE FOOLED.

4. MAPS OF RUSSIA ARE INACCURATE SO THAT, EVEN IF SEVERAL STATIONS PICKED UP A SIGNAL, IT MIGHT BE IMPOSSIBLE TO PINPOINT THE SPOT TO WHICH INSPECTION TEAMS SHOULD BE SENT.

THE CONSULTANTS CONCEDED, IN REPLY TO QUESTIONS, THAT IT WOULD BE POSSIBLE ALSO TO SABOTAGE THE CONTROL STATIONS OR THEIR COMMUNICATIONS NETWORKS.

DR. HANS BETHE, A CORNELL UNIVERSITY PHYSICIST, TOLD THE COMMITTEE YESTERDAY THAT BY ADDING 600 UNMANNED CONTROL STATIONS IN THE SOVIET UNION TO THE ABOUT 20 MANNED ONES CONTEMPLATED IN THE 1958 PLAN, DETECTION MIGHT BE MADE FEASIBLE EVEN FOR DECOUPLED BLASTS SET OFF IN BIG HOLES.

HE SAID SUCH A SYSTEM WOULD BE CAPABLE OF PICKING UP 70 TON SHOTS--THE EQUIVALENT OF A 20 KILOTON DECOUPLED BLAST. THE U.S. TEST BAN PROPOSAL AT GENEVA COVERS UNDERGROUND SHOTS OF 20 KILOTONS OR MORE.

JK1108PES

B4WX (LEAD NUCLEAR) Q

FIRST LEAD NUCLEAR (350)

WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)—SOME OF THE NATION'S LEADING SCIENTISTS AGREED TODAY THAT NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS COULD NOT BE DETECTED BY ANY FEASIBLE CONTROL NETWORK IF THE EXPLOSIONS WERE MADE SMALL ENOUGH.

BUT THEY DIFFERED CONSIDERABLY AS TO THE LEVEL BELOW WHICH DETECTION IS NOT FEASIBLE.

THE 11 (CQ) SCIENTISTS, INCLUDING NUCLEAR PHYSICISTS, SEISMOLOGISTS AND OTHERS, APPEARED IN A PANEL DISCUSSION BEFORE THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE.

THE COMMITTEE IS CONDUCTING PUBLIC HEARINGS ON THE TECHNICAL PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN A NUCLEAR WEAPONS TEST BAN SUCH AS THE ONE UNDER CONSIDERATION AMONG THE UNITED STATES, RUSSIA AND GREAT BRITAIN.

THE PANEL DISCUSSION DEVELOPED THE VIEW THAT GREAT IMPROVEMENTS MAY BE MADE IN METHODS OF DETECTION.

DR. RICHARD ROBERTS OF THE CARNEGIE INSTITUTION TOLD THE COMMITTEE THAT EXPERIMENTS WITH SEMISMOGRAPHS INDICATE A CONTROL NETWORK WITH STATIONS ABOUT 250 MILES APART WOULD GIVE GOOD DETECTION RESULTS.

HE SAID THIS SHOULD BE ABLE TO IDENTIFY BLASTS OF 10-TON SIZE NOT SET OFF IN LARGE HOLES, AND SHOULD BE ABLE TO LOCATE THE SITE WITHIN ONE SQUARE MILE INSTEAD OF THE 100 SQUARE MILES TALKED ABOUT EARLIER IN THE HEARINGS.

DR. JACK E. OLIVER, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY SEISMOLOGIST, TESTIFIED THAT HE BELIEVES DETECTION INSTRUMENTS MAY BE IMPROVED MUCH MORE THAN SOME WITNESSES HAVE INDICATED.

THE NETWORK OUTLINED BY DR. ROBERTS WOULD REQUIRE 125 STATIONS IN THE SOVIET UNION.



DR. RICHARD LATTER OF THE RAND CORP., SANTA MONICA, CALIF., AN AIR FORCE RESEARCH ORGANIZATION, SAID THAT SO FAR RUSSIA HAS NOT ACCEPTED ANY SPECIFIC NUMBER OF CONTROL STATIONS OR ON-SITE INSPECTIONS ON HER TERRITORY.

DR. EDWARD TELLER ARGUED THAT THE EXPANDED NUMBERS OF CONTROL STATIONS IN RUSSIA CALLED FOR IN VARIOUS PROPOSALS WOULD PICK UP SO MANY DISTURBANCES IT WOULD BE LIKE "LOOKING FOR NEEDLES IN THE HAY-STACK" TO CHECK WHETHER ALL WERE EARTHQUAKES.

TELLER REFERRED NOT ONLY TO ROBERTS' PLAN BUT ALSO TO A 600-STATION RUSSIAN NET DISCUSSED YESTERDAY BY DR. HANS BETHE, CORNELL UNIVERSITY PHYSICIST. TELLER AND BETHE REPRESENT OPPOSITE POLES ON THE QUESTION OF TEST DETECTION.

BOTH TESTIFIED INDIVIDUALLY YESTERDAY ON THE SECOND DAY OF THE COMMITTEE'S HEARINGS ON SCIENTIFIC PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN A TEST BAN.

TELLER, SOMETIMES CALLED THE FATHER OF THE HYDROGEN BOMB, SAID THE RUSSIANS MIGHT BE TESTING NUCLEAR WEAPONS NOW IN OUTER SPACE AND IN UNDERGROUND CAVERNS.

HE SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS NO WAY TO DETECT SUCH BLASTS EXCEPT THROUGH INTELLIGENCE WHICH HAS PROVEN NONE TOO RELIABLE IN THE PAST.

REP. CHET HOLIFIELD (D-CALIF) SAID AS FAR AS THIS COUNTRY KNOWS RUSSIA IS OBSERVING THE TEST MORATORIUM WHICH BEGAN NOV. 1, 1958.

TELLER SAID HE HAD NO EVIDENCE EITHER WAY AND WAS NOT ACCUSING RUSSIA, BUT WAS SIMPLY SAYING THAT THE SOVIETS COULD BE TESTING BOMBS.

BETHE, WHO HAS SERVED ON PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S SCIENCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE, OUTLINED A PLAN HE SAID MIGHT MAKE WORKABLE THE ADMITTEDLY FAULTY CONTROL SYSTEM WORKED OUT BY U. S., RUSSIAN AND BRITISH EXPERTS AT GENEVA IN 1958.

BETHE SAID BY ADDING 600 UNMANNED CONTROL STATIONS IN THE SOVIET UNION TO THE 20 MANNED STATIONS CONTEMPLATED IN THE 1958 PLAN DETECTION MIGHT BE MADE FEASIBLE EVEN FOR DECOUPLED BLASTS--THOSE SET OFF IN BIG HOLES.

HE SAID SUCH A SYSTEM WOULD BE CAPABLE OF PICKING UP 70 TON SHOTS--THE EQUIVALENT OF A 20 KILOTON DECOUPLED BLAST. THE U. S. TEST BAN PROPOSAL AT GENEVA COVERS UNDERGROUND SHOTS OF 20 KILOTONS OR MORE.

BETHE CONCEDED THERE WERE ABOUT 5,000 EARTHQUAKES AND OTHER DISTURBANCES OF 70 TON SIZE OR GREATER IN RUSSIA EACH YEAR. BUT HE SAID ABOUT 90 PER CENT OF THESE WOULD BE IDENTIFIABLE AS EARTHQUAKES.

IT WOULD BE UNNECESSARY TO INSPECT ALMOST ALL THE REMAINING 500 EVENTS BECAUSE MANY OF THEM WOULD BE IN AREAS WHERE DECOUPLING WOULD NOT BE FEASIBLE, HE SAID.

WE742AES

A77

(150)

NEW YORK, APRIL 21 (AP)-GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF, DENIED TODAY THAT U.S. ARMED FORCES ARE WASTING MONEY ON NUCLEAR ARMS GEARED TO OBLITERATION OF THE ENEMY RATHER THAN DEFENSE OF THIS COUNTRY.

"UNDER OUR (DEFENSE) PHILOSOPHY," WHITE TOLD A PUBLIC AFFAIRS LUNCHEON OF THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB, "THE UNITED STATES WILL HAVE TO RECEIVE THE FIRST BLOW" IN ANY MAJOR NUCLEAR WAR.

THE OBLITERATION ARMS CHARGE WAS MADE YESTERDAY BY MAJ. GEN. JOHN B. MEDARIS, WHO RECENTLY RETIRED AS CHIEF OF THE ARMY BALLISTIC MISSILE AGENCY.

MEDARIS, SPEAKING AT A WORLD AFFAIRS CONFERENCE OF THE AFL-CIO HERE, SAID AMERICA IS RISKING BANKRUPTCY AND MILITARY DISASTER BY A "PHILOSOPHY OF OVERKILL."

WHILE SAID MEDARIS' STATEMENT WAS SIMPLY NOT SO.

THE AIR FORCE CHIEF SAID "A MOST IMPORTANT IMPROVEMENT IN OUR COMBAT CAPABILITIES IS THE FACT THAT NUCLEAR WARHEADS NOW COME IN VARIOUS SIZES, SHAPES AND YIELDS.

"THIS WILL PERMIT US TO EMPLOY THE EXACT AMOUNT OF FIRE POWER THAT WOULD BE NEEDED TO ACHIEVE OUR MILITARY OBJECTIVES IN ANY GIVEN SITUATION. WE ARE NOT TIED TO THE 'BIG BANG' CONCEPT. WE CAN BE SELECTIVE IN THE TYPE OF ATTACK WE CONDUCT."

RS757PES

A53WX

(300) GATES

WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. SAID TODAY HE BELIEVES THE POLARIS SOLID FUEL MISSILE COULD BE READY FOR DELIVERY TO NATO NATIONS IN EUROPE BEFORE 1963.

GATES EXPRESSED HIS VIEW AT A NEWS CONFERENCE WHEN ASKED IF HE THOUGHT THE POLARIS COULD BE READY BEFORE 1963--THE DATE GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, NATO SUPREME COMMANDER, HAS SAID HE WOULD LIKE TO HAVE IT.

GATES SAID, HOWEVER, THE QUESTION OF ASKING FOR POLARIS WEAPONS IS ONE WHICH THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION IS STILL CONSIDERING.

GATES SAID HE HOPES THAT THE USE OF POLARIS WEAPONS WOULD BE CONDUCTED ON A FULL NATO BASIS, RATHER THAN BY CERTAIN INDIVIDUAL MEMBER NATIONS.

THIS WAS AN APPARENT REFERENCE TO BRITAIN WHICH EXPRESSED INTEREST IN GETTING THE POLARIS AND SKYBOLT MISSILES AFTER DROPPING ITS OWN BLUES-TREAK MISSILES PROJECT.

THE POLARIS PRESENTLY IS DESIGNED FOR FIRING FROM U. S. SUBMARINES BUT COULD BE LAUNCHED FROM MOBILE LAND PLATFORMS.

THE SKYBOLT STILL IS IN THE EARLY DEVELOPMENT STAGE. WITH A RANGE OF ABOUT 1,000 MILES, IT WILL BE LAUNCHED FROM A PLANE. ONLY THE U.S. AND BRITAIN HAVE PLANES BIG ENOUGH TO HANDLE THE SKYBOLT MISSILES, GATES NOTED.

GATES ALSO WAS ASKED ABOUT THE STATUS ON THE PROPOSAL TO PUT THE POLARIS MISSILE ON U.S. NAVY SURFACE SHIPS AS WELL AS IN THE SUBMARINES ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR IT. HE SAID THAT THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT IS CONCENTRATING ON GETTING THE SUBMARINE SYSTEM WORKING AND THAT HE DID NOT THINK THE EFFORT SHOULD BE "DILUTED" AT THIS TIME.

GATES ALSO TOLD NEWSMEN HE FEELS THE NATION'S GENERAL DEFENSE SITUATION IS "IN GOOD SHAPE."

"I FEEL VERY GOOD ABOUT IT," HE SAID.

ASKED WHETHER THE DEFENSE BUDGET CALLING FOR 41 MILLION DOLLARS IN THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1 WOULD BE INCREASED, GATES REPLIED: "I SEE VERY LITTLE LIKLIHOOD OF IT BEING DECREASED."

RZ&JK611PES

A69

(120)

GENEVA, APRIL 21 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES PROPOSED TODAY THE IMMEDIATE NEGOTIATION OF AN AGREEMENT TO CUT U.S. AND SOVIET ARMED FORCES TO A MAXIMUM OF 2,100,000 MEN EACH.

U.S. AMBASSADOR FREDRICK M. EATON TOLD THE 10-NATION DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE SUCH AN AGREEMENT MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A REDUCTION OF CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS AS PART OF A DISARMAMENT TREATY.

HE SUGGESTED A DISCUSSION OF ARMED FORCE REDUCTION AS A STARTING POINT FOR THE NEGOTIATIONS.

SOVIET DELEGATE VALERIAN ZORIN DESCRIBED SUCH A DISCUSSION AS "A WASTE OF TIME." HE DECLARED THAT THE UNITED STATES WANTED TO NEGOTIATE A MEASURE FOR CONTROLS RATHER THAN DISARMAMENT. HE SAID THE 2,100,000 LEVEL PROPOSED BY EATON WAS UNACCEPTABLE. HE ALSO OBJECTED TO NEGOTIATING A CUT IN FORCE LEVELS OF THE TWO NATIONS WHICH IGNORED THE FORCES OF OTHER COUNTRIES.

PL731PES



A88WX

(110) AIR DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-THE COMMANDING GENERAL OF THE CONTINENTAL AIR DEFENSE (CONAD) TOLD SENATORS TODAY HE IS DEEPLY CONCERNED ABOUT RECENT CHANGES IN WEAPONS AND COMMUNICATIONS PROGRAMS.

GEN. LAURENCE S. KUTER MADE IT CLEAR HE VIEWS THE CHANGES AS A WEAKENING OF DEFENSE CAPABILITIES WHICH HE DESCRIBED AS NOW "VERY RESPECTABLE." HIS STATEMENTS WERE IN TESTIMONY PREPARED FOR A SENATE ARMED SERVICES SUBCOMMITTEE, MADE PUBLIC AFTER HE HAD READ IT AT A CLOSED DOOR SESSION.

KUTER VOICED PARTICULAR CONCERN ABOUT CANCELLATION OF THE F-108 FIGHTER PLANE, WITH A SPEED THREE TIMES FASTER THAN SOUND; LIMITING THE BOMARC MISSILE SYSTEM TO COVER THE NORTHEASTERN SECTION OF HIS COMMAND, AND ELIMINATION OF WHAT HE TERMED "HARDENED SAGE (RADAR) CONTROL CENTERS."

AT A NEWS CONFERENCE, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. WAS ASKED ABOUT KUTER'S TESTIMONY.

GATES REPLIED THAT KUTER HAD TOLD THE CHIEF OF AIR STAFF, GEN. THOMAS WHITE, AND HIMSELF THAT KUTER BELIEVES "THERE SHOULD BE A GREATER EFFORT" IN THE AIR DEFENSE PROGRAM.

GATES SAID KUTER'S VIEWS WERE CAREFULLY REVIEWED BY THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF AND HIMSELF AND THAT THEY REGARD THE NEW PROGRAM AS SATISFACTORY.

EG1035PES

A105KX

(430) MISSILES

POINT MUGU, CALIF., APRIL 21 (AP)-THE NAVY TODAY ANNOUNCED IT IS PLANNING TO LAUNCH HUGE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES FROM THE OCEAN BY FLOATING THEM LIKE SPAR-BUOYS.

THE NEW PROPOSAL, WHICH HAS BEEN UNDER STUDY AT THE NAVY'S PACIFIC MISSILE RANGE (PMR) HEADQUARTERS HERE THE PAST YEAR, WOULD ELIMINATE THE TREMENDOUS INVESTMENT OF BUILDING MULTI-MILLION DOLLAR LAUNCHING PADS ON SUCH DRY LAND SITES AS VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, A NAVY SPOKESMAN SAID.

THE IDEA WAS EVOLVED BY A YOUNG NAVY SCIENTIST, WHOM THE NAVY REFUSED TO IDENTIFY, WHO HAD WATCHED A SOFT DRINK BOTTLE FLOATING IN THE LAGOON ADJACENT TO PMR HEADQUARTERS.

THE PARTIALLY-FILLED BOTTLE, THOUGH BOBBING IN THE WAVES, ALWAYS RETURNED TO AN UPRIGHT POSITION WITH THE BOTTOM OF THE BOTTLE ALWAYS IN DIRECT LINE WITH THE CENTER OF THE EARTH, THE SPOKESMAN EXPLAINED.

TO TEST THE THEORY, THE YOUNG OFFICER GAINED PERMISSION OF PMR'S COMMANDER, REAR ADM. JACK P. MONROE, TO TRY AND LAUNCH SOME OLD TELEPHONE POLES, EQUIPPED WITH SMALL ROCKET ENGINES, FROM THE BASE'S LAGOON.

THE SUCCESS OF THE LAGOON LAUNCHINGS WAS SO STARTLING THAT THE NAVY'S CHIEF OF RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN WASHINGTON, D. C., REAR ADM. J. T. HAYWARD, GAVE THE GO-AHEAD ON A FULL-FLEDGED RESEARCH PROGRAM.

THE NAVY WILL DEMONSTRATE THE NEW METHOD DURING A PRESS CONFERENCE HERE TOMORROW.

MONROE SAID IN SAN FRANCISCO TUESDAY HE WAS CONVINCED THE NEW TECHNIQUE WOULD NOT ONLY REMOVE ONE OF THE MOST EXPENSIVE ELEMENTS IN THE NATION'S ROCKETS AND MISSILES PROGRAM, BUT WOULD ALSO PROVIDE A MEANS OF MAKING RELATIVELY INEXPENSIVE THE LAUNCHING OF SUPER-POWERFUL ROCKETS FOR FUTURE DEEP SPACE PROBES.

THE NAVY SPOKESMAN EXPLAINED THAT SUCH A TECHNIQUE WILL MAKE IT POSSIBLE TO CONSTRUCT HUGE ROCKETS IN NAVY DRYDOCKS, SUCH AS THAT AT MARE ISLAND, WHICH WOULD BE TOO HEAVY TO STAND UPRIGHT ON A DRYLAND LAUNCH PAD. THESE ROCKETS COULD BE TOWED TO SEA, CUT LOOSE TO BOB UPRIGHT WITH ONLY THEIR NOSE CONES ABOVE THE SURFACE OF THE WATER.

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EQUIPPED WITH RADIO-IGNITION SYSTEMS, THE TOWBOAT COULD THEN BACK OFF SEVERAL MILES, CLOSE THE RADIO-IGNITION CONTACT, AND AS SOON AS THE MISSILES REACHED THE POINT OF ALIGNMENT, WITH RESPECT TO THE CENTER OF THE EARTH, AUTOMATICALLY FIRE.

THE DEEP OCEAN LAUNCHING METHOD, THE NAVY EXPLAINED, PROVIDES A NATURAL SAFETY BARRIER. IT ALSO ELIMINATES THE COSTLY PROBLEM OF REPAIRING HUGE LAUNCH PADS DAMAGED IN THE COURSE OF NORMAL ROCKET TAKEOFFS FROM LAND-BASED SITES.

THE MILITARY SIGNIFICANCE OF THE ABILITY TO SIMPLY DROP A POWERFUL INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE INTO THE OCEAN, MUCH LIKE A MINE, TO BE FIRED REMOTELY AT ANY GIVEN MOVEMENT, IS OBVIOUS, HAYWARD SAID.

STRINGS OF THESE WEAPONS, WITH EITHER SOLID OR LIQUID FUEL ENGINES, AND COATED WITH PLASTIC MATERIALS TO PREVENT SALT WATER CORROSION, COULD BE PLANTED AROUND THE WORLD, HE SAID.

REGULAR TENDERS COULD MAKE PERIODIC CHECKS ON THE ROCKETS' INTERNAL WORKING APPARATUS, AS WELL AS THEIR NUCLEAR WARHEADS AS THEY BOB AT SEA.

FJ845PCS

B89 (Q)

(220)

CHAPEL HILL, N.C., APRIL 21 (AP)-NOBEL PRIZE WINNER LINUS PAULING SAID TODAY THIS COUNTRY'S GREATEST ENEMIES ARE THE FANATIC ANTI-COMMUNISTS WHO BELIEVE WAR WITH RUSSIA IS INEVITABLE.

"IF THEY WIN OUT," HE SAID, "THE UNITED STATES WILL BE DESTROYED AND THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WILL BE DEAD."

PAULING, 59-YEAR-OLD CHEMISTRY PROFESSOR AT CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, SAID, HOWEVER, THAT HE WAS OPTIMISTIC THAT INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS COULD BE ARRANGED AND WAR COULD BE PREVENTED.

PAULING WAS HERE FOR A SPEECH SPONSORED BY THE CHAPEL HILL-DURHAM BRANCH OF THE WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE FOR PEACE AND FREEDOM.

HE IS AN OUTSPOKEN FOE OF NUCLEAR TESTING. HE PREDICTED THAT THE GENEVA TALKS WOULD PRODUCE A TEST BAN AGREEMENT WITHIN THREE MONTHS. "THEN," HE SAID, "SOME PROGRESS WILL BE MADE ON THE MUCH MORE DIFFICULT PROBLEM OF DISARMAMENT."

HE SAID THE U.S. AND RUSSIA HAVE STOCKPILES OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS CAPABLE OF DESTROYING THE WORLD. "THE QUESTION IN MY MIND NOW IS WHAT VALUE WOULD FUTURE BOMB TESTS HAVE FOR THE TWO COUNTRIES."

THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE 160 ATOMIC BOMB TESTS AGAINST 55 FOR RUSSIA, PAULING SAID. HE ESTIMATED THAT THE U.S. HAS A STOCKPILE OF 100,000 NUCLEAR WEAPONS, INCLUDING 10,000 TO 20,000 SUPER BOMBS, AND THAT RUSSIA HAS 50,000 BOMBS, INCLUDING 5,000 TO 10,000 OF SUPER SIZE.

HE SAID 4,000 MEGATON BOMBS, STRATEGICALLY PLACED, COULD KILL MOST OF THE PEOPLE IN THE WORLD.

PAULING WON THE NOBEL PRIZE FOR RESEARCH INTO THE NATURE OF THE CHEMICAL BOND--THE FORCE WHICH HOLDS ATOMS IN PLACE TO FORM MATTER.

WH1120PES

B91WX Q (TWINING)

(180) TWINING-LEMNITZER

WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-REPORTS CIRCULATED AGAIN TODAY THAT GEN. NATHAN TWINING, CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, WILL RETIRE THIS SUMMER. BUT OFFICIAL QUARTERS INSISTED HE PLANS TO REMAIN AT HIS POST.



THE 62-YEAR-OLD AIR FORCE GENERAL, NOW SERVING HIS SECOND TERM AS JCS CHAIRMAN, HAS BEEN ILL TWICE SINCE HE TOOK OVER THE JOB IN 1957. HE WAS ONCE OPERATED ON FOR REMOVAL OF A CANCEROUS AREA OF THE LUNG AND MORE RECENTLY FOR REMOVAL OF HIS APPENDIX.

ASKED ABOUT THE NEW RUMORS, A SPOKESMAN FOR TWINING'S OFFICE SAID: "GEN. TWINING'S PRESENT PLANS ARE TO COMPLETE HIS TOUR OF DUTY." THAT TOUR ENDS 0 AUG. 15, 1961.

THE REPORT ONCE MORE PRODUCED SPECULATION ON WHO WOULD SUCCEED TWINING IF HE RETIRED.

UNDER THE PRACTICE OF ROTATING THE CHAIRMANSHIP AMONG THE THREE SERVICES, THE ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, GEN. LYMAN LEMNITZER, WOULD BE THE ELIGIBLE CANDIDATE. LEMNITZER HAS BEEN ON THE JCS ONLY SINCE LAST JULY 1, NEWEST OF THE JOINT CHIEFS.

IN LENGTH OF JCS SERVICE, NAVY ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE IS THE SENIOR, HAVING BEEN IN THE STRATEGY-MAKING ORGANIZATION SINCE AUG. 17, 1955.

THE OTHER MEMBER IS GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF, WHO SUCCEEDED TWINING IN THAT POST WHEN TWINING WAS APPOINTED CHAIRMAN IN 1957.

ER1221PES

A82WX  
63WX

160) NIGHT-LEAD HERTER-SUMMIT  
WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-IT'S UP TO RUSSIA WHETHER THE SUMMIT MEETING NEXT MONTH LEADS TO LESS TENSION BETWEEN EAST AND WEST, SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TOLD A SENATE COMMITTEE TODAY.

HERTER'S VIEW WAS GIVEN TO NEWSMEN BY SEN. J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) AFTER THE SECRETARY OF STATE HAD BRIEFED FULBRIGHT'S FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE FOR NEARLY TWO HOURS BEHIND CLOSED DOORS.

FULBRIGHT QUOTED HERTER AS SAYING INTENSIVE STUDIES ARE UNDER WAY BY THREE SEPARATE GROUPS ON THE THREE MAJOR SUBJECTS FOR SUMMIT CONSIDERATION--GERMANY-BERLIN, EAST-WEST RELATIONS, AND DISARMAMENT.

THE SENATOR SAID THE PROSPECTS FOR AN AGREEMENT ON A NUCLEAR TEST BAN NOW, AS BEFORE, HINGE ON RUSSIAN WILLINGNESS TO PERMIT ADEQUATE INSPECTION TO INSURE COMPLIANCE.

"THIS IS THE INDISPENSABLE ELEMENT," FULBRIGHT SAID. "SECRETARY HERTER HOPES A WAY MAY BE FOUND TO GIVE REASONABLE ASSURANCE THAT VIOLATIONS WOULD NOT GO UNDETECTED. AND, IT AT LEAST CAN BE SAID THAT HE DOES NOT FEEL THE OUTLOOK IS HOPELESS."

ARZ811PES

A120WA

(190) GAITSKELL  
WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-BRITISH LABOR PARTY LEADER HUGH GAITSKELL TOLD SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER TODAY THAT AGREEMENT WITH THE RUSSIANS ON BERLIN CAN BE REACHED THROUGH COMPROMISES THE WEST OFFERED LAST SUMMER.

GAITSKELL DECLINED TO SAY WHAT HERTER'S REACTION WAS, EXCEPT TO SAY "HIS RESPONSE WAS VERY REASONABLE."

GAITSKELL, HERE TO ADDRESS THE AMERICAN SOCIETY OF NEWSPAPER EDITORS TOMORROW, SAID HE DISCUSSED WITH HERTER "WHAT IS LIKELY TO COME AT THE SUMMIT CONFERENCE."

"I DISCUSSED THE QUESTION OF THE INTERIM AGREEMENT WHICH WAS NEARLY ACHIEVED LAST YEAR (ON BERLIN) AND ON WHICH I BELIEVE WE COULD GET AGREEMENT WITH THE RUSSIANS," HE SAID.

AT THE EAST-WEST FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE LAST SUMMER AT GENEVA, THE WEST OFFERED TO LIMIT TROOPS IN WEST BERLIN, CUT BACK PROPAGANDA ACTIVITIES AND BAN NUCLEAR WEAPONS THERE IN RETURN FOR A FIVE-YEAR SOVIET GUARANTEE OF ALLIED RIGHTS AND ACCESS TO THE RED SURROUNDED CITY. THE COMMUNISTS REJECTED THE WESTERN PROPOSAL.

SINCE THEN, THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE DECIDED TO GO TO NEXT MONTH'S EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETING WITHOUT OFFERING ANY SUCH CONCESSIONS TO START WITH.

EG1028PES

BONN, GERMANY, APRIL 21 (AP)-REFUGEE MINISTER THEODOR OBERLAENDER TODAY REQUESTED A FULL-SCALE PARLIAMENTARY INVESTIGATION IN AN EFFORT TO CLEAR HIS NAME. 5-26

THE 54-YEAR-OLD OBERLAENDER, A MEMBER OF THE NAZI PARTY DURING ADOLF HITLER'S 12-YEAR RULE, HAS GONE ON A VACATION AND HAD INDICATED PREVIOUSLY HE WAS PREPARED TO RESIGN.

HE HAS BEEN UNDER FIRE FOR MANY MONTHS, ACCUSED BY THE COMMUNISTS OF LEADING A MASS EXECUTION OF POLES AND BY THE SOCIALISTS OF BEING A "DISGRACE TO DEMOCRACY."

IN A SESSION WITH EUGEN GERSTENMAIER, SPEAKER OF THE BUNDESTAG (LOWER HOUSE), HE CALLED FOR A INVESTIGATION. HE SAID HE WILL RESIGN AFTER THE PROBE IS COMPLETED.

THE PROPOSAL FOR AN INVESTIGATION CAUGHT CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER'S CHRISTIAN DEMOCRATS BY SURPRISE.

IT WAS IN AN EFFORT TO HEAD OFF SUCH A PROBE THAT THE PARTY HAD PERSUADED OBERLAENDER TO RESIGN. HE IS DUE FOR 3,000-MARK (\$714) A MONTH PENSION WHEN HE REACHES 55 ON MAY 1.

OBERLAENDER'S DECISION WAS BOUND TO SET IN MOTION ANOTHER ROUND OF CONFERENCES AMONG TOP BONN OFFICIALS. THE BUNDESTAG MEETS NEXT ON MAY 5 AT WHICH TIME THE BUDGET OF OBERLAENDER'S MINISTRY COMES UP FOR DISCUSSION.

K8348PES

A103

(160)  
BERLIN, APRIL 21 (AP)-SEVERAL EAST BERLIN POLICE TODAY GOT IN TROUBLE WHEN THEY TRIED TO PLUG A NON-COMMUNIST SOURCE OF INFORMATION. TWO UNIFORMED RAILWAY POLICE FROM EAST BERLIN WERE GRABBED AT A WEST BERLIN STATION OF THE ELEVATED RAILWAYS AND DETAINED FOR SEVERAL HOURS BY WEST BERLIN POLICE.

FOUR RAILWAY POLICE MANAGED TO DASH BACK TO EAST BERLIN BY TRAIN FROM ANOTHER STATION WHEN IRATE TRAVELERS THREATENED TO CALL THE WEST BERLIN POLICE.



THE TROUBLE OF THE COMMUNIST POLICE STARTED WHEN THEY INQUIRED AT STATION NEWSSTANDS ABOUT THE NAMES OF EAST BERLIN READERS OF WESTERN NEWSPAPERS AND MAGAZINES.

WESTERN NEWSPAPERS ARE BARRED FROM SALE AND CIRCULATION IN COMMUNIST-RULED EAST BERLIN AND EAST GERMANY. YET MANY EAST BERLINERS DEFY THE BAN BY TRAVELING REGULARLY TO A WEST BERLIN NEWSSTAND WHERE THEY HAVE A SUBSCRIPTION TO ONE OR MORE WEST BERLIN NEWSPAPERS.

UNDER FOUR-POWER REGULATIONS THE ELEVATED RAILWAYS ARE UNDER EASTERN CONTROL THROUGHOUT THE CITY. BUT COMMUNIST RAILWAY POLICE HAVE NO AUTHORITY TO MAKE CHECKS OR ARRESTS AT WEST BERLIN STATIONS.

A68

(150)

GENEVA, APRIL 21 (AP)--THE SOVIET UNION TOLD THE WESTERN POWERS TODAY IT WOULD LIKE TO JOIN THE PROPOSED NEW ORGANIZATION FOR ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT (OECD).

SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER NICOLAI P. FIRYUBIN TOLD THE UNITED NATIONS ECONOMIC COMMISSION FOR EUROPE THAT "THE MEANS OF FACILITATING AND DEVELOPING INTERNATIONAL TRADE SHOULD BE SOUGHT IN WAYS OTHER THAN THE DIVISION OF THE WORLD INTO SEPARATE TRADE BLOCS."

FIRYUBIN SAID ALL COUNTRIES SHOULD SEEK AGREEMENT ON GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF WORLD TRADE AND ON REGIONAL TRADE ARRANGEMENTS "IN CONFORMITY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEVELOPING INTERNATIONAL DIVISION OF LABOR AND WITH THE TASKS OF EXPANDING WORLD TRADE WITHOUT ANY DISCRIMINATION."

HE SAID THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT WISHED TO IMPROVE ECONOMIC COOPERATION BETWEEN COUNTRIES WITH DIFFERENT SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC SYSTEMS, AND THEREFORE "EXPRESSES ITS READINESS TO TAKE PART IN WORKING OUT PRINCIPLES OF (THE) NEW ECONOMIC ORGANIZATION."

PL728PES

B19 Q

--17--

NIGHT LEAD CHOU-NEHRU (210)

NEW DELHI, APRIL 21 (AP)--PRIME MINISTER NEHRU AND COMMUNIST CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI, AGAIN IGNORING TEAMS OF ADVISERS, HELD ANOTHER ROUND OF SECRET TALKS TODAY ON THEIR BORDER DISPUTE.

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE REPORT ON THEIR PROGRESS TOWARD SETTLING RIVAL CLAIMS TO 51,000 SQUARE MILES OF HIMALAYAN BORDER TERRITORY. NEHRU HINTED YESTERDAY THE TWO MAY BE WORKING OUT A COMPROMISE.

A GOVERNMENT SPOKESMAN SAID ONLY THAT THE TWO MET FOR 2 1/2 HOURS TO DISCUSS "VARIOUS ASPECTS OF THE BORDER PROBLEM" AND WILL MEET AGAIN TOMORROW.

THE TALKS, WITH ADVISERS ABSENT WORRIED SOME MEMBERS OF NEHRU'S OWN CONGRESS PARLIAMENT.

THE CONGRESS PARTY HAD SOUGHT AHEAD OF TIME TO ELIMINATE THE POSSIBILITY OF PRIVATE MEETINGS FOR FEAR NEHRU MIGHT BE SWAYED BY THE SUAVE CHOU.

CHOU HIMSELF BROUGHT A 37-MAN TEAM FROM PEIPING. BUT THE TWO LEADERS SO FAR HAVE TALKED IN SECLUSION, ASSISTED ONLY BY INTERPRETERS.

A GROUP OF OPPOSITION MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT DREW UP A RESOLUTION QUESTIONING THE PROPRIETY OF NEHRU HOLDING YESTERDAY'S OPENING DISCUSSIONS IN PRIVATE. THE MOTION WAS STOPPED BEFORE IT COULD REACH THE FLOOR.

NEHRU AND CHOU ARE SCHEDULED TO MEET TWICE DAILY FOR FOUR MORE DAYS UNLESS THEY REACH SOME SORT OF AGREEMENT BEFORE THEN.

AFTER THE INITIAL BARGAINING SESSIONS, NEHRU SPOKE OF "A RIGHT AND PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEMS THAT HAVE ARISEN" WHICH, HE SAID, "MUST BE IN CONSONANCE WITH THE DIGNITY AND SELF RESPECT OF EACH COUNTRY."

TU414PES

PL933PE

A94 400

INDIAN-INTERPRETIVE

BY HENRY S. BRADSHAW

NEW DELHI, APRIL 21 (AP)--A CHANGE IN PRIME MINISTER NEHRU'S TONE TOWARD INDIA'S BORDER DISPUTE WITH COMMUNIST CHINA INDICATES A COMPROMISE DEAL MAY BE IN THE WORKS.

THE SOFTENING IN NEHRU'S PUBLIC COMMENTS IS WORRYING INDIANS WHO INSIST THERE IS NO ROOM FOR COMPROMISE ON INDIA'S BOUNDARIES.

THE CHANGE CAME AFTER THE FIRST PRIVATE TALKS YESTERDAY BETWEEN NEHRU AND CHINESE PREMIER CHOU EN-LAI.

CHOU REPEATED THE POSITION HE HAD PUT INTO NUMEROUS DIPLOMATIC NOTES SINCE THE DISPUTE FLARED INTO THE OPEN LAST SUMMER.

BUT NEHRU SHIFTED FROM ASSURANCES THAT THERE WOULD BE NO GIVE-AWAY OF TERRITORY TO TALK OF A SOLUTION MAINTAINING "THE DIGNITY AND SELF RESPECT OF EACH COUNTRY."

NEHRU'S STATEMENTS TO PARLIAMENT LAST FALL INDICATED HE WAS THINKING IN TERMS OF A SWAPPING OF CLAIMS. THE CHINESE ARE MOST ANXIOUS TO OBTAIN THE BARREN AKSAI CHIN PLATEAU OF LADAKH IN NORTHWEST INDIA WHERE THEY HAVE AN IMPORTANT HIGHWAY BETWEEN TIBET AND SINKIANG. INDIA IS MORE CONCERNED ABOUT TRIBAL AREAS IN THE NORTHEAST, WHICH BOTH CLAIM.

A WELLING UP OF PUBLIC OPINION UNUSUAL FOR INDIA PURSUED THE GOVERNMENT INTO TAKING THE DEFIANT POSITION THAT IT WOULD NOT CONCEDE ANY TERRITORY. IN RECENT SPEECHES NEHRU HAS REITERATED THIS POSITION AND ARNED THAT THE TALKS WITH CHOU MIGHT FAIL.

FOLLOWING THIS LINE, NEHRU MADE A STIFF SPEECH TO CHOU WHEN THE CHINESE PREMIER ARRIVED TUESDAY FOR SIX DAYS OF TALKS.

"PEACE HAS TO BE BASED ON GOOD FAITH AND UNDERSTANDING AND STRICT ADHERENCE TO THOSE PRINCIPLES (OF FRIENDSHIP AND NONAGGRESSION) WE HAD ONCE PROCLAIMED," NEHRU LECTURED.

"IT IS A HARD TASK TO GO BACK AND RECOVER THE FEELING OF GOOD FAITH AND FRIENDSHIP WITH CHINA," HE ADDED.

YESTERDAY NEHRU, CHOU AND THEIR ADVISERS MET TO BARGAIN. NOT ACCORDING TO PLAN, THE TWO LEADERS WALKED OUT ON THE ADVISERS FOR PRIVATE TALKS. SOME OPPOSITION MEMBERS IN THE INDIAN PARLIAMENT OPPOSED PRIVATE TALKS FOR FEAR NEHRU WOULD YIELD TOO EASILY TO CHOU, WHOSE REPUTATION AS A TOUGH NEGOTIATOR IS FEARED HERE.

AFTER ALMOST FOUR HOURS OF PRIVATE TALKING, NEHRU CHANGED HIS TUNE. HE SAID HE FELT CHOU HAS "THE SAME URGE FOR PEACE AND COOPERATION" THAT INDIA HAS.

"A RIGHT AND PEACEFUL SOLUTION TO THE PROBLEMS THAT HAVE ARISEN... MUST BE IN CONSONANCE WITH THE DIGNITY AND SELF RESPECT OF EACH COUNTRY," NEHRU SAID. "AS THE BUDDHA SAID, THE REAL VICTORY IS THE VICTORY OF ALL WHICH INVOLVES NO DEFEAT."

AN INDIAN POLITICIAN OBSERVED, "NO DEFEAT CAN ONLY MEAN A COMPROMISE. IF NEHRU KEEPS ALL THE TERRITORY HE HAS BEEN SAYING INDIA WILL KEEP, THEN THE CHINESE WOULD BE DEFEATED ON THEIR CLAIMS."

CHOU CALLED THE BORDER TROUBLE--IN WHICH THE CHINESE HAVE KILLED A DOZEN INDIANS AND OCCUPIED MORE THAN 12,000 SQUARE MILES--ONLY "TEMPORARY DIFFERENCES OF OPINION WITH CERTAIN UNFORTUNATE AND UNEXPECTED INCIDENTS," HE ADDED.

"IT IS ENTIRELY POSSIBLE TO ACHIEVE A FAIR AND REASONABLE OVER-ALL SETTLEMENT OF THE BOUNDARY QUESTION" IF IT "TAKES INTO CONSIDERATION BOTH THE HISTORICAL BACKGROUND AND PRESENT ACTUALITIES."

PRESUMABLY CHOU STILL EXPECTS A SETTLEMENT THAT IS FAIR BY HIS OWN READING OF HISTORY AND BY RECOGNITION OF THE ACTUALITY THAT CHINA OCCUPIES THE AKSAI CHIN PLATEAU.

HL-B917AES

30.24-10525



B47 (SEG) (140)

TOKYO, APRIL 21 (AP)-THE WANDERING NOMAD TRIBES OF THE TIBETAN PLATEAUS ARE BEING PUT INTO COMMUNES BY THEIR COMMUNIST CHINESE RULERS.

RED CHINA'S OFFICIAL NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY CLAIMED TODAY THAT THEY LOVE IT.

THE NEWS AGENCY GAVE THIS REPORT ON THE 2,000 MEMBERS OF THE PASTORAL HOKA COMMUNE OF EASTERN CHINGHAI PROVINCE:

FORSAKING THE THOUSAND-YEAR-OLD WANDERING WAYS OF THEIR HERDSMEN ANCESTORS, THEY HAVE SETTLED DOWN IN A COMMUNITY OF 300 HOMES WITH GLASS WINDOWS, SOMETHING THEY NEVER HAD BEFORE.

THEY INCREASED THEIR LIVESTOCK TO 85,000 HEAD, 39,000 MORE THAN IN PRE-COMMUNE DAYS. THEY WORK IN 10 SMALL FACTORIES, GROW THEIR OWN GRAIN, HAVE A TELEGRAPH OFFICE AND SEND THEIR CHILDREN TO SCHOOL.

THEY WILL GET ELECTRIC LIGHTS FOR THE FIRST TIME WHEN A POWER PLANT, NOW BEING BUILT, IS COMPLETED.

JL722AES

A48WX

95

#### FOREIGN AID

WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-THE HOUSE PASSED A BILL TODAY FOR A MAXIMUM \$4,038,500,000 (B) FOREIGN AID PROGRAM.

BARELY DEBATING THE FIGURES, THE LAWMAKERS CONCENTRATED ON TIGHTENING PROVISIONS INTENDED TO ASSURE FULL INFORMATION TO CONGRESS ON THE CONDUCT OF THE PROGRAM.

THE CEILING FIGURE IS 136 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS UNDER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

THE BILL NOW GOES TO THE SENATE.

THE ROLL CALL VOTE WAS 243-130.

YESTERDAY, THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE APPROVED A BILL TO AUTHORIZE A \$4,145,600,000 AID PROGRAM IN THE BOOKKEEPING YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

THE REAL HOUSE FIGHT WILL COME LATER ON A SEPARATE BILL TO FURNISH THE ACTUAL MONEY. THIS ONE SETS THE TOP LIMIT.

REP. OTTO E. PASSMAN HAS PROMISED A CUT OF AT LEAST A BILLION DOLLARS IN THE AID MONEY BILL. (D-LA).

PASSMAN TOLD THE HOUSE TODAY HIS CLOSED-DOOR HEARINGS ON THE PROGRAM HAVE REVEALED "THINGS THAT ARE INDEED SHOCKING. . . IT IS THE MOST EXPENSIVE PROGRAM EVER CONCEIVED BY THE MIND OF MAN."

THE HOUSE WROTE INTO THE AUTHORIZATION BILL LANGUAGE INTENDED TO CUT OFF IMPORTANT FUNDS AUTHORIZED UNLESS INFORMATION AND DOCUMENTS ARE GIVEN ON DEMAND TO CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES AND TO THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE, CONGRESS' FISCAL INVESTIGATING ARM.

REP. PORTER HARDY JR. (D-VA), CONTENDING THAT ANTISECRECY PROVISIONS IN EARLIER BILLS HAD BEEN DELIBERATELY IGNORED BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND OTHER OFFICIALS, PERSUADED THE HOUSE TO ADOPT A FUNDS CUTOFF AMENDMENT.

IT PROVIDES THAT NO PART OF THE 675-MILLION-DOLLAR ITEM FOR ECONOMIC AID TO ALLIES MAKING A MAJOR MILITARY EFFORT MAY BE SPENT UNLESS CONGRESSIONAL REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION ARE HONORED.

A NUMBER OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS WERE REJECTED, INCLUDING ONE TO CUT OFF AID TO COMMUNIST YUGOSLAVIA, ANOTHER TO FORBID USE OF FOREIGN AID FUNDS FOR CARRYING OUT AGREEMENTS TO SHARE ATOMIC WEAPONS WITH ALLIES, AND ONE TO REDUCE DEFENSE SUPPORT SPENDING BY 50 MILLION DOLLARS.

AS FINALLY APPROVED BY THE HOUSE, THE BILL WOULD AUTHORIZE:

--675 MILLION DOLLARS FOR DEFENSE SUPPORT, 49 MILLION LESS THAN EISENHOWER ASKED, AND 20 MILLION LESS THAN WAS APPROPRIATED LAST YEAR.

--206 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS FOR TECHNICAL COOPERATION, THE AMOUNT ASKED BY THE PRESIDENT AND ABOUT 25 MILLION MORE THAN WAS APPROPRIATED LAST YEAR.

--\$336,900,000 FOR SPECIAL ASSISTANCE GRANTS AND A NUMBER OF RELATIVELY SMALL PROGRAMS, 12 1/2 MILLION LESS THAN EISENHOWER REQUESTED AND ABOUT EIGHT MILLION LESS THAN WAS APPROPRIATED LAST YEAR.

--100 MILLION DOLLARS FOR THE PRESIDENT'S CONTINGENCY FUND, 75 MILLION LESS THAN WAS ASKED AND 55 MILLION LESS THAN WAS APPROPRIATED LAST YEAR.

THE REST OF THE PROGRAM IS MADE UP OF TWO BILLION DOLLARS OF MILITARY AID, 700 MILLION FOR THE DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND, AND A FEW SMALL AUTHORIZATIONS FOR VARIOUS SPECIAL PURPOSES.

EG649PES

(240) NIGHT LEAD DEPRESSED AREAS A SC W  
WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-EFFORTS TO DISLodge A 251-MILLION DOLLAR AREA REDEVELOPMENT BILL FROM THE HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE FAILED TODAY.

THE COMMITTEE, WHICH CONTROLS THE FLOW OF LEGISLATION TO THE HOUSE FLOOR, VOTED 6-6 AGAINST CLEARING THE MEASURE. CHAIRMAN HOWARD SMITH (D-VA) AND REP. WILLIAM L. COLMER (D-MISS) JOINED THE FOUR REPUBLICAN MEMBERS IN VOTING AGAINST SENDING THE MEASURE TO THE FLOOR. A TIE VOTE DEFEATS A MOTION.

TWO LONG TIME SUPPORTERS OF THE PROPOSALS, REPS. DANIEL J. FLOOD (D-PA) AND JAMES E. VAN ZANDT (R-PA), EXPRESSED BELIEF THE COMMITTEE WILL RECONSIDER ITS ACTION LATER.

"DON'T BE SURPRISED TO SEE JUDGE SMITH CALL THE BILL UP AGAIN AND VOTE TO RELEASE IT," VAN ZANDT TOLD A REPORTER.

FLOOD SAID THE 6-6 VOTE WAS MERELY A "PROBING OPERATION" TO SEE WHERE MEMBERS STAND AND WHERE TO APPLY ADDED PRESSURE.

THE EISENHOWER ADMINISTRATION FAVORS A BILL PROVIDING ONLY 57 MILLION DOLLARS IN AID--MOSTLY LOANS--TO CHRONICALLY DEPRESSED AREAS TO HELP ESTABLISH NEW INDUSTRIES AND NEW JOBS.

A BILL AUTHORIZING 389 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS IN AID TO DEPRESSED AREAS WAS PASSED 49-46 BY THE SENATE LAST MARCH.

THE HOUSE BILL WAS APPROVED BY THE HOUSE BANKING COMMITTEE LAST SPRING. TODAY'S RULES COMMITTEE ACTION FOLLOWED THREE DAYS OF PUBLIC HEARINGS OVER A PERIOD OF TWO WEEKS.

WHILE DIFFERING IN AMOUNTS, BOTH HOUSE AND SENATE BILLS WOULD AUTHORIZE REVOLVING LOANS FUNDS FOR URBAN AND RURAL DEPRESSED AREAS, GRANTS IN AID FOR PUBLIC WORKS, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND BENEFITS FOR WORKERS BEING RETRAINED FOR NEW JOBS.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TWO YEARS AGO POCKET VETOED A BILL AUTHORIZING 279 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS IN AID FOR DEPRESSED AREAS.

B83WX Q

#### (140) ROMANIAN ASSETS

WASHINGTON, APRIL 21 (AP)-ATTY. GEN. WILLIAM P. ROGERS TODAY ANNOUNCED REMOVAL OF ALL REMAINING WORLD WAR II BLOCKING CONTROLS OVER PROPERTY IN THE UNITED STATES OWNED BY ROMANIANS RESIDING IN THEIR HOME COUNTRY.

THE ACTION DOES NOT APPLY TO ASSETS IN THIS COUNTRY OF ROMANIAN GOVERNMENT OR ROMANIAN CORPORATIONS WHICH WERE SEIZED AND SOLD TO SATISFY CLAIMS BY AMERICANS FOR PROPERTY IN ROMANIA DAMAGED DURING THE WAR OR NATIONALIZED BY THE COMMUNIST REGIME IN THE POST WAR YEARS.

THE "UNFREEZE" ON INDIVIDUAL ASSETS--SUCH AS BANK DEPOSITS AND PROPERTY OWNED IN THIS COUNTRY--RESULTED FROM AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE U.S. AND ROMANIA ANNOUNCED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT MARCH 30, RELATING TO SETTLEMENT OF FINANCIAL DIFFICULTIES BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, ROMANIA WILL TURN OVER ABOUT 2 1/2 MILLION DOLLARS IN FINAL SETTLEMENT OF THE DAMAGE CLAIMS OF AMERICAN'S WHO HAD HOLDINGS IN ROMANIA.

W1040PES

LT628PES



B74

(120)

NEW YORK, APRIL 21 (AP)-A CHICAGO INSURANCE SALESMAN FLEW OFF TONIGHT FOR A REUNION WITH RUSSIAN SOLDIERS WHO TOOK PART IN THE LINKUP OF RUSSIAN AND AMERICAN TROOPS IN GERMANY 15 YEARS AGO.

JOSEPH P. POLOWSKY SAID HE HOPED THE FAMOUS MEETING ON THE ELBE RIVER ON APRIL 25, 1945 EVENTUALLY WOULD BECOME A DAY OF COMMEMORATION IN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA.

THE ARMY VETERAN HAS BEEN WAGING A ONE-MAN CAMPAIGN FOR SUCH AN ANNIVERSARY DAY AND HAS ASKED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO EXCHANGE GREETINGS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV ON APRIL 25.

THE RUSSIAN VETERANS WILL MEET POLOWSKY IN BERLIN WHERE A WREATH WILL BE PLACED ON THE SOVIET WAR MEMORIAL. POLOWSKY SAID HE HOPES A NUMBER OF THE RUSSIANS WILL ACCOMPANY HIM BACK TO THE UNITED STATES IF THE STATE DEPARTMENT WILL APPROVE THE TRIP.

RJ/AS1003PES

30.24-10527

APRIL 21, 1960